

NEWS OF SOUTH RICHMOND

TO GIVE PLAY

Young People of Central Methodist to Present "Maze Mirror" on Friday.

"The Maze Mirror," a comedy in two acts, will be presented by the young people of Central Methodist Church on Friday night at 8 o'clock in the auditorium of the Powhatan School. There are about twenty-five characters in the production, most of which are interpreted by the young women of the church. A second playlet, entitled "The Young Doctor Divine," which is also of a humorous nature, will be rendered afterwards.

There are many clever lines and scenes in "The Maze Mirror." Under the direction of Miss Lucy Owens, Miss Margaret Baldwin and Miss Janie Walker, the players have been well trained, and several rehearsals have been held.

Those who will take part are as follows: In "The Maze Mirror," Misses Phyllis Owen, Laura Anderson, Stella Owen, Marie Ellington, Ola Walthall, Jessie DuVal, Mae Pettick, Laura Owen, Gladys Robertson, Grace Paul, Miss Owens, Ethel Wheeler, Annie Margaret Schmitt and Raymond Walker; in "The Young Doctor Divine," Misses Mae Bradley, Margaret Brooks, Helen Anderson, Margaret Ellington, Jeannette Jones, Elsie Young, Annie Atwell, Ola Walthall and Florence Rex.

MAY CONDEMN ARCH

Assistant City Attorney to Force Southern to Widen Seventh Street Span.

Unless the Southern Railway Company starts work shortly on the widening of the Seventh Street arch at the Free Bridge, Assistant City Attorney George Wayne Anderson will institute condemnation proceedings in order that the city may acquire the property and do the work. C. E. Anderson, chairman

OSBORNE OPTIMISTIC IN ANNUAL REPORT

Internal Revenue Collections for Year Amount to \$344,424,453.85.

(Special to The Times-Dispatch.)

Washington, December 15.—Optimism is predominant in the annual report of W. H. Osborne, Internal Revenue Commissioner, made public today. Collections for the fiscal year ending June 30 last totaled \$344,424,453.85, which is \$21,858,154.12 more than the best previous fiscal year, 1911. He estimates collections for 1914 will increase to \$407,000,000, and for 1915 to \$420,000,000. These increases are largely due to the new income tax. The report says in part:

"Corporation tax collected for the first three months of the fiscal year 1914 amounts to \$2,354,177.76, as compared with \$1,880,378.82 collected during the first three months of the fiscal year 1913, an increase of \$477,797.94, making an increase in total collections from all sources for the first three months of the current fiscal year over the same period of the previous fiscal year of \$5,774,277.17.

"I estimate the collections for fiscal year 1914 at \$407,000,000, distributed as follows:

"Collections, exclusive of the corporation excise tax and income tax, \$312,000,000; corporation excise tax, \$5,000,000; income tax—corporations, \$33,000,000; individuals, \$54,000,000; a total of \$350,000,000.

"Collections for 1915.

"I estimate the collections for fiscal year 1915 at \$420,000,000, distributed as follows:

"Collections, exclusive of the income

tax, \$315,000,000; income tax—corporations, \$40,000,000; individuals, \$65,000,000; a total of \$420,000,000.

"The objects of internal taxation producing the largest amounts of internal revenue during the past fiscal year are distilled spirits, exclusive of special taxes, \$157,542,661.75; fermented liquors, exclusive of special taxes, \$65,245,544; manufactured tobacco, \$76,789,424.75.

"The States in which the largest collections of internal revenue taxes were made during the fiscal year 1913 are: Illinois, \$58,502,601.36; New York, \$47,250,446.31; Kentucky, \$35,200,066.44; Indiana, \$31,623,595.62; Pennsylvania, \$28,956,330.66; Ohio, \$25,166,957.19.

"The fiscal year 1913 witnessed a record production and a record with the distillation of spirits, a substantial increase in the production of fermented liquors, an increase in the amount of tobacco, and a record in the production of distilled spirits, a record in the production of cigars, and a phenomenal increase in small cigarettes, a considerable increase in the production of oleomargarine, and a very large increase in corporation tax assessments and collections.

"In the fiscal year 1912, the total production of distilled spirits was 187,000,000 gallons, in 1913 183,000,000 gallons, an increase of 6,000,000 gallons. In the fiscal year 1912, 135,826,759 gallons of tax-paid spirits were withdrawn, in 1913, 140,226,058 gallons, an increase of 4,399,299 gallons.

"The three States having the largest production of distilled spirits during the past fiscal year are Illinois, 43,954,333 gallons; Kentucky, 33,494,840; Indiana, 25,522,316 gallons.

"The five States which produced the largest quantity of fermented liquors are: New York, 13,566,888 barrels; Pennsylvania, 7,550,000 barrels; Illinois, 6,656,823 barrels; Wisconsin, 5,171,179 barrels; Ohio, 5,150,187 barrels."

"Virginia is Second.

Taking up further the "phenomenal increase in small cigarettes," the report states that New York leads in the production of "cigar rolls" weighing less than three pounds a thousand with 2,507,225,574 for the calendar year 1912. Virginia is second with 2,506,506,180. The total leap in twelve months from 10,469,321,101 to 13,167,093,515, while at the same time the production of cigars fell off considerably.

"Small cigarettes" included almost all made. Pennsylvania leads New York in the manufacture of cigars weighing more than three pounds per thousand, while Maryland is ahead in the making of smaller "cigars." North Carolina leads in smoking tobacco.

There were in operation during the calendar year 1912, 20,555 cigar factories and 469 cigarette factories, this being a decrease of 710 cigar factories and 9 cigarette factories. There were also registered 2,727 establishments producing snuff, 1,407 dealers in leaf tobacco and 823 retail dealers in leaf tobacco in the United States.

The total number of corporations filing returns for the calendar year 1912 is 295,336, an increase of 16,984 over the calendar year 1911, the percentage of increase being 5.89.

The growth in the number of corporations in the United States is indicated by the number of returns made by those engaged in business for profit, which for the year 1909 was 262,490; for 1910, 270,202; for 1911, 288,352; and for 1912, 305,336.

The 305,336 corporations rendering returns for the calendar year 1912 reported capital stock of \$81,758,227,504. They reported bonded and other indebtedness of \$34,749,516,353.63, and an aggregate net income of \$3,823,150,410.92. The increase in capital stock in 1912 over 1911 is \$1,671,088,951.12, while the amount of bonded and other indebtedness shows an increase of \$2,585,978,322.23. The net income reported shows an increase of \$618,413,163.10.

The total number of returns filed for 1912 was 295,336, while the number of corporations having a net income in excess of \$5,000 was 61,116, or 20.4 per cent.

The report ends with the statement that there were no taxes collected on opium, importation of which is prohibited, but "opium put up for medicinal purposes can be easily secured, and the process of its manufacture into smoking opium is so simple, and can be carried on so easily that considerable illicit manufacturing continues."

April 25, they must give fair and due weight to the conditions of their minds and feelings if they believe from the evidence that such conditions naturally resulted from defendants hearing on that day of the marriage

of the joint transportation committees of the South Richmond and Chesterfield Business Men's Association, and the South Richmond Democratic Club requested that this should be done, and he was told that the matter would be attended to as soon as possible. An agreement has not yet been made on what price the company should pay the city for widening the street.

When the Seventh Street span is widened congestion on the Southside approach of the Free Bridge will be practically relieved. The city has widened the street about twenty feet for two blocks and the railway arch will be made the same width.

To Settle Forest Hill Ownership.

The question of the ownership of a part of the Forest Hill Park is expected to be settled when arguments for and against the injunction to restrain the Virginia Railway and Power Company from preventing A. L. Bradley to enter the park will be heard on Friday night in the office of Captain A. B. Guigon, attorney for the railway company. Bradley claims that he still owns the property, which he bought some time ago. It was then used as a burying ground. When the bodies were exhumed and reinterred in Maury Cemetery, the street car company says that the property reverted to it.

Fail to Find Negro.

After several days search by the police, nothing has yet been heard of the whereabouts of Greed Stovall, an aged negro, who, his nephew thinks, was kidnapped by two white men for the purpose of robbery. It is said that he had \$100 on his person at the time. Stovall's nephew reported that the men, who took him away on Friday morning, said that they were going to take him to relatives in Powhatan County.

FOR THE TERM of His NATURAL LIFE

From the year 1787 to 1808 over 167,000 men, women and children were transported from Great Britain to Australia. In 1790 the Convict Ship "Success" was built of solid Burmah Teak, at Moulmain, British East India, as an armed East India merchantman. Purchased by the British Government in 1802, she was converted into a floating convict prison, and became the commodore ship of the Felon Fleet, being generally known as "The Ocean Hell."

She is the oldest ship in the world and the only convict ship left afloat of that dreadful fleet of ocean hells which sailed the Seven Seas in 1790 A. D. She is unchanged after all these years, nothing being omitted but her human freight and their sufferings from the cruelties and barbarities practiced upon them. Aboard her are now shown, in their original state, all the airless dungeons and condemned cells, the whipping posts, the manacles, the branding irons, the punishment balls, the leaden-tipped cat-o'-nine-tails, the coffin bath and other fiendish inventions of man's brutality to his fellow-man. From keel to topmast she cries aloud the greatest lesson the world has ever known in the history of human progress.



The Darkest Chapter in England's History is vividly portrayed by the British Convict Ship SUCCESS.

She has been visited by millions of persons in this and foreign countries, including Kings, Emperors, Governors and dignitaries in every walk of life. Great men have written books about her—the united efforts of the people of a nation were necessary to change her business after which she laid submerged under Australian waters for years and was finally resurrected to be exhibited to the present generation.

By special request the price of admission has been reduced to 25c (twenty-five cents.)

The following communications are self-explanatory:

Richmond Public Schools,
Office of the Superintendent,
Richmond, Va., December 16, 1913.

Captain D. H. Smith, Commander British Convict Ship Success:

Dear Sir,—You have an historical exhibition that all our people would be interested in seeing, and it has been suggested that if you can see your way clear to reduce the price of admission it would be a gracious thing to do. Just at this time our people have many extra expenses, yet they would readily go to see your ship at a less price.

Yours sincerely,

(Signed) J. A. C. CHANDLER,
Superintendent.

Convict Ship Success, Foot Eighteenth Street,
Richmond, Va., December 16, 1913.

J. A. C. Chandler, Superintendent City Public Schools, Richmond, Va.:

Dear Sir,—Replying to your favor of this date, I am pleased to say that the reduction in the price of admission to the old Convict Ship Success from 50c. to 25c. will be made effective to-morrow morning, according to your request. It gives me great pleasure to be able to facilitate the viewing of the historic ship.

If such a course were financially possible, I should like to throw the Success open to the free inspection of the public; but, like other educational institutions, a certain amount of money is necessary for its support. I should like for every citizen in Richmond to board the ship while she is here and learn an unforgettable lesson in history.

Very sincerely yours,
D. H. SMITH, Commander.

The Convict Ship is berthed foot of 18th Street, two squares from Main Street, Richmond. She is lighted throughout by electricity and can be inspected by night as well as by day.

Open daily 10 A. M. to 10 P. M. Admission 25c (Twenty-five Cents)

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How much you save—from 25 to 50 per cent. Jewellers buy Diamonds from us. How about you? We will deem it a pleasure if you give us the opportunity to show you the beautiful array of pieces for Christmas gifts. We have the largest stock of Diamonds, Watches, Jewelry, Silverware, etc.

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815 East Broad Street.

Be sure and see us.

Sydnor & Hundley

are showing the largest collection of

HANDSOME FURNITURE

this season they have ever exhibited.

GIFT PIECES A SPECIALTY.

20-Year Gold Filled Elgin
Watches, \$9.00

WM. TOBIEN, Jr., Jeweler,
408 E. Broad Street.

of the plaintiff and his wife without any of the defendants having been informed of its contemplation.

13. The jury is also instructed that the burden is not upon the defendants

to show that the wife was justified in leaving her husband.

Entitled to Advice.

14. The jury is instructed that a married woman in determining whether

or not she will separate from her husband is entitled to receive from the members of her family advice as to the proper course for her to pursue, and if she decides to separate from her husband, she is entitled to receive from her family such shelter, comfort and assistance as may be needed by her unless it be positively shown or necessarily deduced from the facts and circumstances that in so acting the members of the family were actuated only by malice or ill will towards the plaintiff.

15. The jury are instructed that if they believe that, after the plaintiff's wife had determined not to return to the plaintiff and asked for the name of an attorney who might be employed to represent her, the defendant, John Ruffel, recommended and introduced counsel to her, such act in itself was not improper in view of the relationship between the plaintiff's wife and himself, unless you believe from the evidence that the defendants or two or more of them engaged in a wrongful and common scheme with a bad, or improper motive and with malice or ill will towards the plaintiff to establish to your satisfaction by a preponderance of all the testimony sufficiently strong to overcome the above mentioned presumption of law, and that such counsel and advice was not given in good faith but through malice.

16. And you are further instructed that the law presumes that the counsel and advice given by the members of her family to the wife of plaintiff was given in good faith and from proper motives and honest impulses, and that the burden is upon the plaintiff to establish to your satisfaction by a preponderance of all the testimony sufficiently strong to overcome the above mentioned presumption of law, and that such counsel and advice was not given in good faith but through malice.

17. The court instructs the jury that if they believe from the evidence that the defendants wilfully and with actual malice caused the plaintiff's wife to abandon her husband, then in awarding damages you may award exemplary damages; that is damages that will be an example to the defendants, and at

the same time punish them and deter others from similar conduct.

HOME TWICE BURNED.

Isaac Ney's Residence Catches Fire From Live Embers.

[Special to The Times-Dispatch.]

Harrisonburg, Va., December 15.—

The \$6,000 home of Isaac Ney was destroyed by fire on the Dayton Pike a night or two ago, a short distance west of Harrisonburg. It has been learned that the same house caught fire two days before, and it is thought embers were left smoldering in the ceiling of the house, which finally ignited again. The Harrisonburg fire department responded each time.

TEETH A Most Practical and Useful Christmas Gift

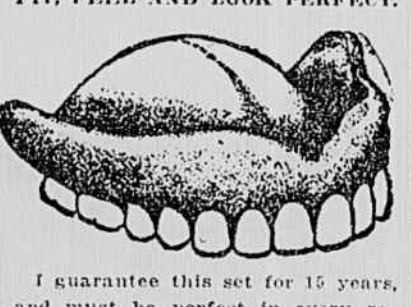
Have your friend, mother, father, brother, sister or "the best girl in the world" visit Dr. Dellinger, and have them put in first-class condition. The cost will be small to you, and your friend will always remember you gratefully.



DR. DELLINGER

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Open Daily 8:30 A. M. to 8 P. M.
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Easy, Convenient Payments Can Be Arranged.

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KODAKS \$5 to \$65
BROWNIES \$1 to \$12
PREMOS \$1.50 up
SUPPLIES
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